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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/782,586	02/12/2001	Eyal M. Aronoff	QSOFT.010A	9485
20995	7590 06/18/200	3		
KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP 2040 MAIN STREET FOURTEENTH FLOOR			EXAMINER	
			CHEN, CHONGSHAN	
IRVINE, CA 92614			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
. •			2172	
			DATE MAILED: 06/18/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

WS

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		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/782,586	3	ARONOFF ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Chongshan	Chen	2172			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicati or Reply	on appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE I - Externanter - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, beply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no even tion. s, a reply within the statute period will apply and will y statute, cause the applic	or, however, may a reply be time ory minimum of thirty (30) days expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the tobecome ABANDONE	ely filed will be considered timely. he mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed of	n					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)	☑ This action is n	on-final.				
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice to on of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the appli	ication.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	ithdrawn from cons	sideration.				
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election red	quirement.				
Applicati	on Papers						
9) 🔲 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
10) 🔲 7	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) o	bjected to by the Exan	niner.			
_	Applicant may not request that any objection		-	• •			
11) 🗌 7	he proposed drawing correction filed on			ed by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required	• •	ce action.	•			
•	he oath or declaration is objected to by t	he Examiner.					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f	oreign priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).			
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	 Certified copies of the priority docu 	ments have been	received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	 Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation ee the attached detailed Office action for 	al Bureau (PCT R	ule 17.2(a)).	· ·			
14)⊠ A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for do	mestic priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119(e)	(to a provisional application).			
	☐ The translation of the foreign language cknowledgment is made of a claim for do						
Attachment	(s)	·					
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	48) 5) Notice of Informal Pa	PTO-413) Paper No(s) stent Application (PTO-152)			
.S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev		fice Action Summary		Part of Paper No. 5			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-34 are pending in this Office Action.

Priority

Acknowledge of claiming priority benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) from U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/182,073, filed on February 11, 2000.

Drawings

This application has been filed with informal drawings which are acceptable for examination purposes only. Formal drawings will be required when the application is allowed.

Information Disclosure Statement

The reference cited in the IDS, PTO-1449, Paper No. 4 has been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-25 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parker (6,289,357) in view of Lomet (6,151,607).

As per claim 1, Parker discloses a device for performing replication between a source system and a target system, the device comprising:

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a source system having data files, and log files storing transactions corresponding to changes made to the data files (Parker, Fig. 1A, 23, Source Dataset, 14, Log File Xmit, 18, Log Receive, col. 2, line 63 – col. 3, line 27);

a target system (Parker, Fig. 1A, 24, Target Dataset); and

a replication system performing replication of at least portions of the data files of the source system to the target system by reading the log files and posting the changes from the log files to the target system (Parker, col. 3, lines 28-33).

Parker does not explicitly disclose transaction-level poster queues, each poster queue storing statements corresponding to a particular transaction from the source system, and a reconcile process which purges transactions from the poster queues when the transactions have already been applied to the target system during recovery of the target system. Lomet discloses queue storing statements corresponding to a particular transaction from the source system, and replaying operations from an identified point in the log (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67). Lomet does not explicitly disclose deleting transaction before the identified point in the log. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to delete transactions before the identified point in the log in order to save storage space since the transactions before the identified point are already applied to the target system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Parker with Lomet in order to identify a point in the log to begin replaying operations during recovery.

As per claim 2, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 1, and further disclose:

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poster queues which store information corresponding to changes made to at least portions of a source system (Parker, Fig. 1, Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25);

at least one poster process which reads the information stored in the poster queues and generates commands interpretable by a target system and designed to change the target system to reflect the changes made to the at least portions of the source system (Parker, Fig. 1).

Parker does not explicitly disclose a reconcile process which purges stale information stored in the poster queues, the stale information corresponding to changes made to the target system during the instantiation or recovery thereof. Lomet discloses replaying operations from an identified point in the log (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to delete transactions before the identified point in the log in order to save storage space since the transactions before the identified point are already applied to the target system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Parker with Lomet in order to identify a point in the log to begin replaying operations during recovery.

As per claim 3, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose the information comprises transactions (Parker, col. 2, line63 – col. 3, line 33).

As per claim 4, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose the at least one poster process reads a completion indicator from the poster queues, wherein the completion indicator corresponds to one or more finalized changes made to the source system (Parker, Fig. 1).

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As per claim 5, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 4, and further disclose performing operations on the source dataset and synchronizing the source and target dataset (Parker, Fig. 1), which inherently includes a COMMIT statement.

As per claim 6, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose the reconcile process employs placement indicators to determine which information stored in the poster queues is stale (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 7, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 6, and further disclose one of the placement indicators corresponds to a recovery marker placed by the target system, wherein the recovery marker identifies how much of the information the target system already applied during recovery thereof (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 8, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 6, and further disclose one of the placement indicators corresponds to a particular portion of the information (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 9, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 6, and further disclose each placement indicator comprises a sequence number identifying a log file where a particular portion of the information originated (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 10, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 6, and further disclose each placement indicator comprises a displacement number identifying the displacement within a log file where a particular portion of the information originated (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

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As per claim 11, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose performing operations on the source dataset and synchronizing the source and target dataset (Parker, Fig. 1), which inherently includes a reader process which reads the information from the source system.

As per claim 12, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose performing operations on the source dataset and synchronizing the source and target dataset (Parker, Fig. 1), which inherently includes a reader queue which stores information read from the source system.

As per claim 13, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose the replication includes mirroring at least portions of the source system on at least one target system (Parker, Fig. 1).

As per claim 14, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose performing operations on the source dataset and synchronizing the source and target dataset (Parker, Fig. 1), which inherently includes load balancing functions based on one of software and hardware configurations of the source and target systems.

As per claim 15, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose the replication provides broadcast functions (Parker, Fig. 1).

As per claim 16, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 2, and further disclose performing operations on the source dataset and synchronizing the source and target dataset (Parker, Fig. 1), which inherently includes consolidation functions.

As per claim 17, Parker discloses a method of recovering or instantiating a target database during replication from a source database to the target database, the method comprising:

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creating a copy of data from a source database (Parker, Fig. 1A); recovering the copy (Parker, col. 2, line 63 – col. 3, line 27).

Parker does not explicitly disclose reconciling information contained in a replication system with information stored in the recovered copy, thereby purging stale transactions from the replication system. Lomet discloses queue storing statements corresponding to a particular transaction from the source system, and replaying operations from an identified point in the log (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67). Lomet does not explicitly disclose deleting transaction before the identified point in the log. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to delete transactions before the identified point in the log in order to save storage space since the transactions before the identified point are already applied to the target system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Parker with Lomet in order to identify a point in the log to begin replaying operations during recovery.

As per claim 18, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 17, and further disclose restarting replication (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 19, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 18, and further disclose the restarting of the replication includes restarting at least one poster process (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 20, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 18, and further disclose the restarting of the replication includes rolling forward at least some of the information rolled back during the recovery of the copy (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

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As per claim 21, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 17, and further disclose employing a hot backup mode of a database management system of the source database (Parker, Fig. 1).

As per claim 22, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 17, and further disclose employing a database management system associated with the copy (Parker, Fig. 1).

As per claim 23, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 17, and further disclose placing a recovery marker in the recovered copy, thereby identifying a recovery position therein (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 24, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 23, and further disclose the placement of the recovery marker occurs substantially near the end of recovering the copy (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 25, Parker and Lomet teach all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 23, except for explicitly disclosing the reconciling finds the recovery marker and the stale transactions of the information correspond to those transactions that were completed on the source system before the placement of the recovery marker. Lomet discloses replaying operations from an identified point in the log (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to delete transactions before the identified point in the log in order to save storage space since the transactions before the identified point are already applied to the target system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

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combine Parker with Lomet in order to identify a point in the log to begin replaying operations during recovery.

As per claim 34, Parker discloses a device comprising:

a source system having a source database management system (SDBMS) which governs the storage of data within the source system and creates a log file tracking changes made to the source system (Parker, Fig. 1);

a target system having a target database management system (TDBMS) which governs the storage of data within the target system and creates a log file tracking the changes made to the target system (Parker, Fig. 1).

Parker does not explicitly disclose a replication system having queues and communicating with the log file of the TDBMS and the log file of the SDBMS, thereby purging from the queues transactions applied after the beginning, but before the completion, of the recovery or instantiation of the target system, wherein the transactions correspond to the changes made to the source system. Lomet discloses queue storing statements corresponding to a particular transaction from the source system, and replaying operations from an identified point in the log (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67). Lomet does not explicitly disclose deleting transaction before the identified point in the log. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to delete transactions before the identified point in the log in order to save storage space since the transactions before the identified point are already applied to the target system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Parker with Lomet in order to identify a point in the log to begin replaying operations during recovery.

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3. Claims 26-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lomet (6,151,607).

As per claim 26, Lomet discloses a method of reconciling transactional information stored in a replication system with a recovered database, the method comprising:

parsing a log file of a recovered database to determine a placement indicator of a recovery flag (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

reading transaction data corresponding to changes made to a source database to determine placement indicators of completed transactions (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

Lomet does not explicitly disclose purging the transactional data when the placement indicator corresponding to the completed transaction occurred before the placement indicator of the recovery flag. However, Lomet discloses replaying operations from an identified point in the log (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to delete transactions before the identified point in the log in order to save storage space since the transactions before the identified point are already applied to the target system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Parker with Lomet in order to identify a point in the log to begin replaying operations during recovery.

As per claim 27, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 26, and further discloses the transaction data is read from the source database (Lomet, Fig. 3).

As per claim 28, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 26, and further discloses a sequence number of a log file of the source database (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

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As per claim 29, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 28, and further discloses the sequence number uniquely identifies the log file (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 30, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 26, and further discloses the placement indicator of the recovery flag comprises a sequence number of a log file of the recovered database (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 31, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 30, and further discloses the sequence number uniquely identifies the log file (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 32, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 26, and further discloses the placement indicator comprises a displacement within a log file (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

As per claim 33, Lomet teaches all the claimed subject matters as discussed in claim 26, and further discloses the recovery flag is placed by a database management system of the recovered database (Lomet, Fig. 24 & 25, col. 8, lines 60-67).

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Courter et al. (6,119,128) disclose recovering different types of objects with one pass of the log.

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Mosher, Jr. (5,799,322) discloses system and method for stopping updates at a specified timestamp in a remote duplicate database facility.

Jagadish et al. (5,956,504) disclose method and system for compressing a data stream in a database log so as to permit recovery of only selected portions of the data system.

Hayashi et al. (5,553,303) disclose data processing system for dynamically switching access control process and for performing recovery process.

Porcaro (5,774,717) discloses method and article of manufacture for resynchronizing client/server file systems and resolving file system conflicts.

Masai et al. (5,333,314) disclose distributed data base system of composite subsystem type, and method of fault recovery for the system.

Klein et al. (6,157,932) disclose method of updating a redundant service system while preserving transaction data in a database featuring on-line resynchronization.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chongshan Chen whose telephone number is (703) 305-8319. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (8:00 am - 4:30 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Y Vu can be reached on (703)305-4393. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

CC

June 10, 2003

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